ACROSS

1. Greek physician who said that abnormal behavior is linked to abnormalities in the brain
2. an examination of one’s own thoughts and feelings
3. type of psychologist who helps people with day to day types of problems
4. a set of assumptions about why something is the way it is and happens the way it does
5. the school of psychology, founded by Wilhelm Wundt, that maintains that conscious experience breaks down into objective sensations and subjective feelings
6. type of psychologist who studies how people and social situations affect the individual person
7. type of psychologist who studies how people change throughout their lives
8. the theory that suggests that people have the ability to change their environments or create new ones
9. the psychological perspective that emphasizes the effects of experience on behavior
10. research is research that is conducted for its own sake, without seeking a solution to a specific problem
11. type of psychologist who helps students with problems that interfere with learning
12. Greek philosopher who said, “Know thyself”
13. the scientific study of behavior and mental processes
14. the school of psychology, founded by William James, that emphasizes the purposes of behavior and mental processes
15. the perspective that emphasizes the role of thought processes in determining behavior
16. the perspective that focuses on the roles of ethnicity, gender, culture, and socioeconomic status in personality formation, behavior, and mental processes
17. founder of functionalism (full name)
18. the psychological perspective that emphasizes the influence of biology on behavior
19. the psychological point of view that emphasizes the effects of experience on behavior
20. the psychological perspective that emphasizes the tendency to organize experiences into meaningful wholes
21. the psychologist who studied the effects of rewards and punishments on behavior (full name)
22. type of psychologist who studies the behavior of consumers
23. type of psychologist who helps athletes improve their performance using techniques like relaxation and visualization
24. observable and measurable actions of people and animals
25. Gestalt psychology is the early school of psychology that emphasizes the tendency to organize experiences into meaningful wholes
26. type of psychologist trained to deal with serious mental illness; they do psychological testing, psychotherapy, and conduct research
27. type of psychologist who works in the legal system
28. type of psychologist who works in the legal system
29. founder of psychoanalysis (full name)
30. founder of psychoanalysis (full name)
31. type of psychologist who studies the behavior of consumers
32. type of psychologist who studies the behavior of consumers
33. a medical doctor who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of mental disorders; can prescribe medication
34. a medical doctor who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of mental disorders; can prescribe medication

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WORD BANK: Activity, aristotle, basic, behavior, behaviorism, bfskinner, biological, clinical, cognitive, consumer, counseling, developmental, forensic, functionalism, gestalt, goals, hippocrates, humanistic, introspection, johnbwatson, learning, perceptions, psychiatrist, psychoanalysis, psychology, school, sigmundfreud, social, sociallearning, sociocultural, socrates, sports, structuralism, theory, wilhelmwundt, williamjames.